

(6Z)-3,5-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(1-hydroxyethylidene)cyclohex-2-en-1-one

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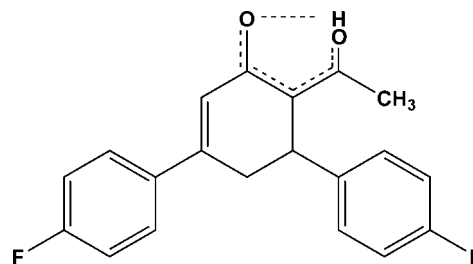
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.147; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_2\text{O}_2$, the cyclohex-2-en-1-one ring adopts a distorted envelope conformation and the dihedral angles between its six-atom mean plane and the fluorophenyl rings are $38.9(8)$ and $82.3(1)^\circ$. The two fluorophenyl rings are oriented at an angle of $77.3(3)^\circ$. The long hydroxy $\text{O}-\text{H}$ bond length of $1.22(3)$ and the $\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ distance of $1.28(3)$ Å, together with a longer than expected $\text{C}=\text{O}$ bond length [$1.290(2)$ Å] in the hydroxy(en-1-one) group, indicate sharing of the H atom as $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ between the two O atoms and the influence of electron delocalization. Weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ intermolecular interactions form an infinite two-dimensional network in (011).

Related literature

For biological applications of some cyclohexenones, see: Eddington *et al.* (2000); Kolesnick & Golde (1994). For background to the applications of cyclohexenones, see: Padmavathi *et al.* (1999, 2000); Padmavathi, Sharmila, Somashekara Reddy & Bhaskar Reddy (2001); Padmavathi, Sharmila, Balaiah *et al.* (2001). For related structures, see: Fischer *et al.* (2008); Li *et al.* (2009); Dutkiewicz *et al.* (2011). For the various derivatives of 4,4-difluorochalcone, see: Fun *et al.* (2010); Jasinski *et al.* (2010). For puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_2\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 326.33$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 17.663(2)$ Å
 $b = 6.2371(6)$ Å
 $c = 15.2357(16)$ Å
 $\beta = 107.717(13)^\circ$
 $V = 1598.9(3)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.85$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Gemini diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.754$, $T_{\max} = 0.862$
 5441 measured reflections
 3023 independent reflections
 2154 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.147$
 $S = 1.02$
 3023 reflections
 222 parameters
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}\cdots\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}$	1.22 (3)	1.28 (3)	2.465 (2)	163 (2)
$\text{C8}-\text{H8A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	1.00	2.52	3.365 (3)	142
$\text{C19}-\text{H19A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.51	3.260 (3)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GG2071).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o638–o639 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812003078]

(6Z)-3,5-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(1-hydroxyethylidene)cyclohex-2-en-1-one

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Comment

Cyclohexenone derivatives, prepared either from natural sources or entirely via synthetic routes, are known to possess a wide variety of biological activities, e.g. they were reported to have anticonvulsant, antimalarial and cardiovascular effects (Eddington *et al.*, 2000). They are also well known lead molecules for the treatment of inflammation and autoimmune diseases (Kolesnick & Golde, 1994). Cyclohexenones are efficient synthons in building spiro compounds (Padmavathi, Sharmila, Somashekara Reddy & Bhaskar Reddy, 2001) or intermediates in the synthesis of benzisoxazoles or carbazole derivatives (Padmavathi *et al.*, 2000; Padmavathi, Sharmila, Somashekara Reddy & Bhaskar Reddy, 2001; Padmavathi, Sharmila, Balaiah *et al.*, 2001). The crystal structures of some cyclohexenone derivatives viz, rac-ethyl 3-(3-bromo-2-thienyl)-2-oxo-6-(4-propoxyphenyl) cyclohex-3-ene-1-carboxylate (Fischer *et al.*, 2008), ethyl 6-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-2-oxo-4-(2-thienyl)cyclohex-3-ene-1-carboxylate (Li *et al.*, 2009), (1R,6SR)-Ethyl 4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxocyclohex-3-ene-1-carboxylate, (Dutkiewicz *et al.*, 2011) have been reported. In view of the importance of these derivatives and in continuation of our work on the synthesis of various derivatives of 4,4-difluoro chalcone (Fun *et al.*, 2010; Jasinski *et al.*, 2010), the title compound (I) is synthesized and its crystal structure is reported here.

In the title compound, C₂₀H₁₆F₂O₂, the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the cyclohex-2-en-1-one ring (distorted envelope conformation with puckering parameters (Cremer & Pople, 1975) Q, θ and φ of 0.406 (2) Å, 64.7 (3)° and 274.6 (3)°) and the two fluorophenyl rings is 38.9 (8) and 82.3 (1)° (Fig. 1). For an ideal envelope conformation θ and φ are 54.7° and 300°. The two fluorophenyl rings are separated by 77.3 (3)°. The long hydroxyl O–H distance (1.22 (3) Å) in concert with a longer than normal C4=O2 (1.290 (2) Å) bond length suggests a sharing effect between the two oxygen atoms, O1 and O2. Also, with the observation of long C2–C3(1.392 (3)Å) and C4=O2) bond lengths, the influence of an electron delocalization within the O1/C2/C3/C4/O2 moiety may be present. O—H···O intramolecular hydrogen bonds and weak C—H···O intermolecular interactions (Table 1) are observed forming an infinite 2-D network in (011) (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A mixture of (2E)-1,3-bis(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (2.44 g, 0.01 mol) and acetyl acetone (1 ml, 0.01 mol) in 20 ml ethanol was refluxed in the presence of a 0.5ml 10% NaOH solution for 6 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and poured into 50 ml of ice-cold water. The precipitate was collected by filtration and purified by recrystallization from ethanol. Single crystals were grown from dimethylformamide by the slow evaporation method and the yield of the compound was 74%, (m.p. 383 K).

Refinement

H1 was located by a Fourier map and refined isotropically without restraints. All of the remaining H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with Atom—H lengths of 0.95 Å (CH), 0.99 Å (CH₂) or 0.98 Å (CH₃). Isotropic displacement parameters for these atoms were set to 1.2 (CH, CH₂) or 1.5 (CH₃) times U_{eq} of the parent atom.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

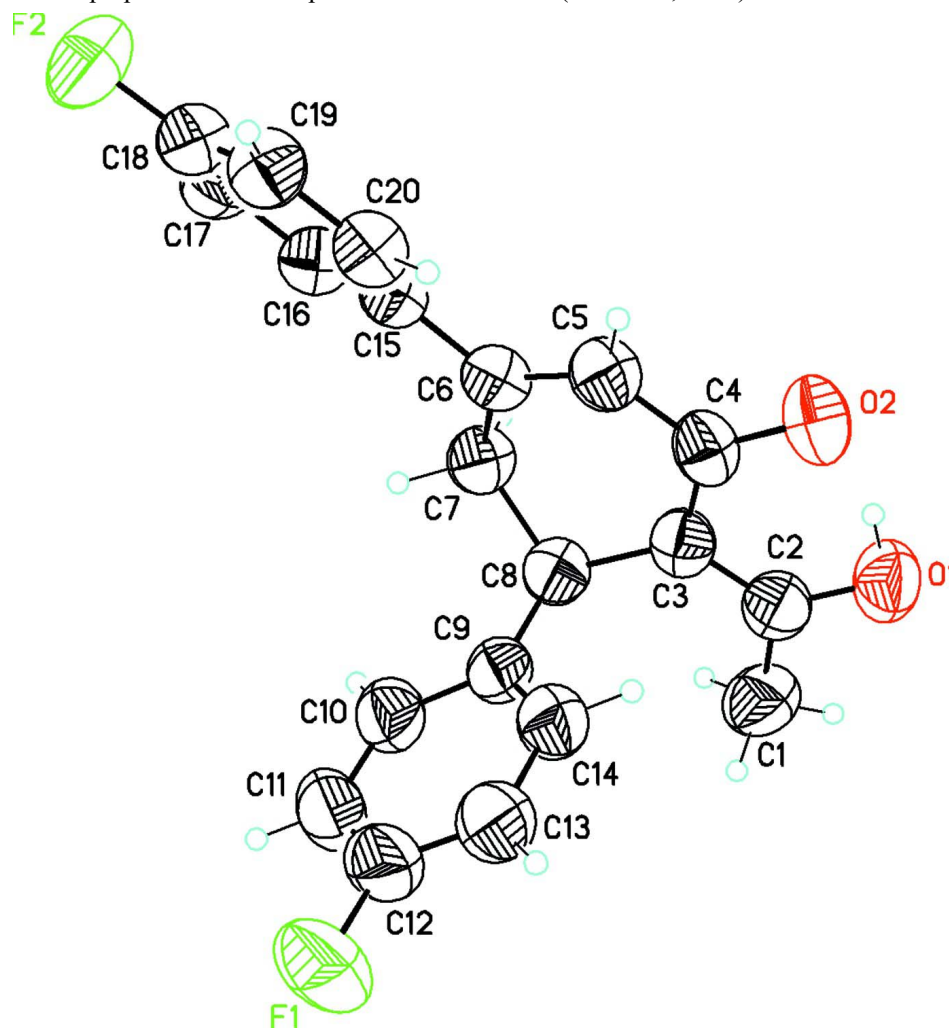
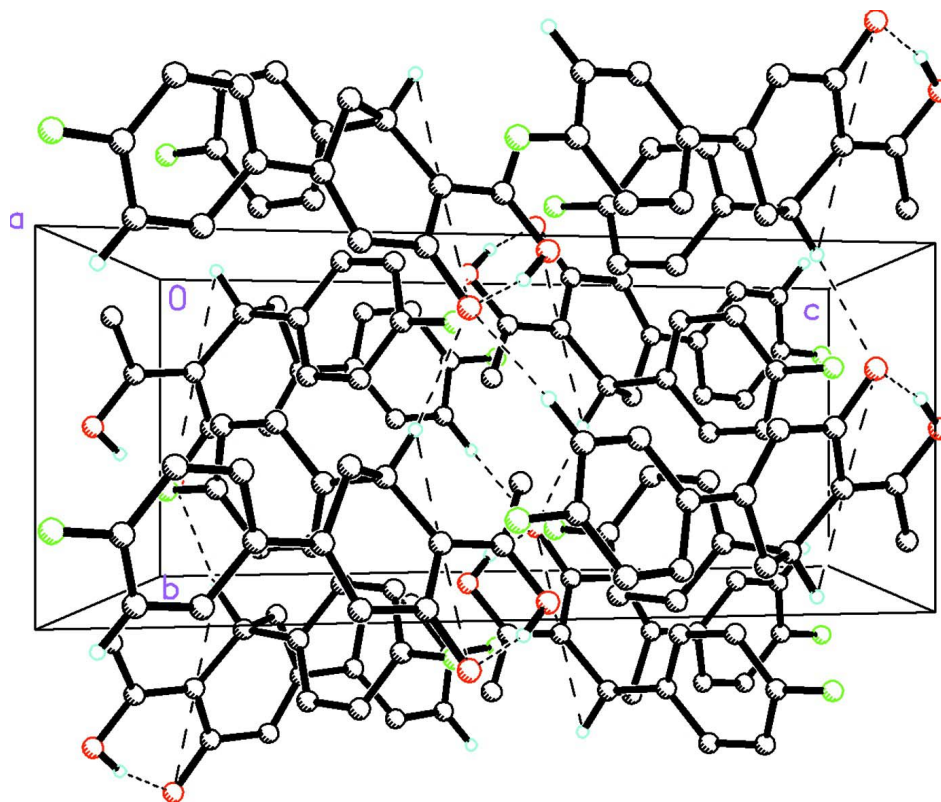


Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along the *c* axis. Dashed lines indicate O—H...O intramolecular hydrogen bonds and weak C—H...O intermolecular interactions forming an infinite 2-D network along [011]. The remaining H atoms have been removed for clarity.

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Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{16}F_2O_2$
 $M_r = 326.33$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 17.663 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 6.2371 (6) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 15.2357 (16) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 107.717 (13)^\circ$
 $V = 1598.9 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 680$
 $D_x = 1.356 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 1763 reflections
 $\theta = 3.4\text{--}70.8^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.85 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 173 \text{ K}$
 Block, yellow
 $0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Gemini
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: $16.1500 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$
 ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.754$, $T_{\max} = 0.862$
 5441 measured reflections
 3023 independent reflections
 2154 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

$\theta_{\max} = 70.7^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 5.3^\circ$
 $h = -21 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -7 \rightarrow 7$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.147$
 $S = 1.02$
 3023 reflections
 222 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0646P)^2 + 0.2155P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001 \times Fc^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0017 (3)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.55493 (10)	0.1856 (4)	0.43446 (11)	0.1300 (7)
F2	0.01595 (9)	0.2581 (3)	0.48620 (11)	0.0984 (5)
O1	0.26793 (10)	0.4978 (3)	-0.05192 (11)	0.0813 (5)
H1	0.2297 (15)	0.605 (5)	-0.0137 (19)	0.098*
O2	0.19432 (10)	0.6694 (2)	0.04310 (11)	0.0785 (5)
C1	0.32971 (15)	0.1596 (5)	-0.01899 (18)	0.0895 (8)
H1A	0.3318	0.1788	-0.0820	0.134*
H1B	0.3059	0.0201	-0.0137	0.134*
H1C	0.3837	0.1657	0.0241	0.134*
C2	0.28083 (13)	0.3328 (4)	0.00327 (15)	0.0666 (6)
C3	0.25062 (12)	0.3242 (3)	0.07759 (13)	0.0585 (5)
C4	0.20637 (13)	0.4997 (3)	0.09387 (14)	0.0610 (5)
C5	0.17204 (13)	0.4938 (3)	0.16889 (15)	0.0622 (5)
H5A	0.1539	0.6235	0.1882	0.075*
C6	0.16517 (11)	0.3107 (3)	0.21179 (14)	0.0552 (5)
C7	0.19511 (12)	0.1060 (3)	0.18191 (16)	0.0610 (5)
H7A	0.1511	0.0375	0.1336	0.073*
H7B	0.2112	0.0069	0.2351	0.073*
C8	0.26582 (12)	0.1378 (3)	0.14426 (14)	0.0591 (5)
H8A	0.2699	0.0058	0.1087	0.071*
C9	0.34407 (12)	0.1584 (3)	0.22286 (14)	0.0598 (5)
C10	0.37064 (15)	-0.0158 (4)	0.28156 (16)	0.0741 (6)

H10A	0.3398	-0.1434	0.2722	0.089*
C11	0.44143 (16)	-0.0060 (5)	0.35355 (18)	0.0892 (8)
H11A	0.4591	-0.1247	0.3937	0.107*
C12	0.48489 (16)	0.1786 (6)	0.36503 (17)	0.0879 (8)
C13	0.46193 (14)	0.3517 (5)	0.31003 (16)	0.0805 (7)
H13A	0.4936	0.4778	0.3198	0.097*
C14	0.39064 (13)	0.3403 (4)	0.23873 (15)	0.0692 (6)
H14A	0.3736	0.4614	0.1999	0.083*
C15	0.12484 (11)	0.2989 (3)	0.28353 (13)	0.0544 (5)
C16	0.08461 (12)	0.1136 (4)	0.29494 (15)	0.0623 (5)
H16A	0.0831	-0.0058	0.2557	0.075*
C17	0.04699 (12)	0.1000 (4)	0.36192 (16)	0.0674 (6)
H17A	0.0191	-0.0262	0.3686	0.081*
C18	0.05082 (13)	0.2727 (4)	0.41839 (15)	0.0680 (6)
C19	0.08926 (13)	0.4591 (4)	0.41012 (15)	0.0679 (6)
H19A	0.0906	0.5769	0.4501	0.081*
C20	0.12583 (12)	0.4709 (3)	0.34258 (14)	0.0616 (5)
H20A	0.1525	0.5994	0.3359	0.074*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0915 (11)	0.195 (2)	0.0799 (10)	0.0137 (13)	-0.0091 (9)	0.0144 (12)
F2	0.1129 (12)	0.1062 (11)	0.0963 (10)	-0.0046 (9)	0.0622 (9)	-0.0015 (9)
O1	0.0858 (11)	0.0952 (12)	0.0606 (9)	-0.0078 (10)	0.0188 (8)	0.0136 (9)
O2	0.0991 (12)	0.0610 (9)	0.0726 (10)	0.0020 (8)	0.0222 (9)	0.0133 (8)
C1	0.0811 (16)	0.114 (2)	0.0818 (16)	0.0050 (16)	0.0377 (14)	0.0018 (16)
C2	0.0587 (12)	0.0782 (15)	0.0583 (12)	-0.0082 (11)	0.0110 (10)	-0.0009 (11)
C3	0.0593 (11)	0.0602 (12)	0.0532 (11)	-0.0066 (9)	0.0130 (9)	-0.0014 (9)
C4	0.0672 (12)	0.0521 (11)	0.0569 (11)	-0.0050 (10)	0.0087 (10)	0.0021 (9)
C5	0.0696 (13)	0.0493 (11)	0.0672 (12)	0.0017 (10)	0.0200 (11)	-0.0023 (10)
C6	0.0528 (10)	0.0474 (10)	0.0614 (11)	-0.0019 (8)	0.0113 (9)	-0.0038 (9)
C7	0.0647 (12)	0.0495 (11)	0.0703 (13)	-0.0029 (9)	0.0225 (10)	-0.0011 (10)
C8	0.0645 (12)	0.0528 (11)	0.0621 (11)	0.0017 (9)	0.0225 (10)	-0.0034 (9)
C9	0.0639 (12)	0.0647 (12)	0.0561 (11)	0.0101 (10)	0.0263 (10)	0.0025 (10)
C10	0.0818 (16)	0.0723 (15)	0.0732 (14)	0.0130 (12)	0.0310 (13)	0.0104 (12)
C11	0.0948 (19)	0.105 (2)	0.0696 (15)	0.0321 (17)	0.0283 (15)	0.0231 (15)
C12	0.0720 (15)	0.130 (2)	0.0589 (13)	0.0129 (17)	0.0151 (12)	0.0062 (16)
C13	0.0727 (14)	0.103 (2)	0.0624 (13)	-0.0063 (14)	0.0154 (12)	0.0002 (14)
C14	0.0668 (13)	0.0773 (15)	0.0614 (12)	-0.0020 (12)	0.0163 (11)	0.0054 (11)
C15	0.0495 (10)	0.0526 (11)	0.0579 (11)	0.0015 (8)	0.0116 (9)	0.0009 (9)
C16	0.0587 (11)	0.0585 (12)	0.0675 (12)	-0.0046 (10)	0.0162 (10)	-0.0061 (10)
C17	0.0566 (12)	0.0648 (13)	0.0809 (14)	-0.0065 (10)	0.0211 (11)	0.0025 (12)
C18	0.0630 (13)	0.0781 (15)	0.0647 (13)	0.0053 (11)	0.0220 (11)	0.0033 (12)
C19	0.0740 (14)	0.0657 (13)	0.0635 (12)	-0.0004 (11)	0.0202 (11)	-0.0071 (11)
C20	0.0633 (12)	0.0546 (11)	0.0626 (12)	-0.0031 (9)	0.0125 (10)	-0.0026 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C12	1.362 (3)	C8—H8A	1.0000
F2—C18	1.357 (2)	C9—C14	1.379 (3)
O1—C2	1.304 (3)	C9—C10	1.394 (3)
O1—H1	1.22 (3)	C10—C11	1.391 (3)
O2—C4	1.290 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9500
O2—H1	1.28 (3)	C11—C12	1.365 (4)
C1—C2	1.485 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9500
C1—H1A	0.9800	C12—C13	1.351 (4)
C1—H1B	0.9800	C13—C14	1.392 (3)
C1—H1C	0.9800	C13—H13A	0.9500
C2—C3	1.392 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.410 (3)	C15—C16	1.395 (3)
C3—C8	1.513 (3)	C15—C20	1.397 (3)
C4—C5	1.448 (3)	C16—C17	1.380 (3)
C5—C6	1.339 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9500
C5—H5A	0.9500	C17—C18	1.367 (3)
C6—C15	1.477 (3)	C17—H17A	0.9500
C6—C7	1.505 (3)	C18—C19	1.371 (3)
C7—C8	1.538 (3)	C19—C20	1.373 (3)
C7—H7A	0.9900	C19—H19A	0.9500
C7—H7B	0.9900	C20—H20A	0.9500
C8—C9	1.534 (3)		
C2—O1—H1	98.0 (12)	C14—C9—C8	123.59 (19)
C4—O2—H1	97.0 (12)	C10—C9—C8	118.9 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C11—C10—C9	121.2 (2)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C11—C10—H10A	119.4
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C10—H10A	119.4
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C11—C10	118.3 (2)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C11—H11A	120.9
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C11—H11A	120.9
O1—C2—C3	121.3 (2)	C13—C12—F1	119.1 (3)
O1—C2—C1	115.2 (2)	C13—C12—C11	122.9 (3)
C3—C2—C1	123.4 (2)	F1—C12—C11	118.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4	118.9 (2)	C12—C13—C14	118.2 (3)
C2—C3—C8	122.8 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	120.9
C4—C3—C8	118.23 (18)	C14—C13—H13A	120.9
O2—C4—C3	122.1 (2)	C9—C14—C13	121.9 (2)
O2—C4—C5	117.5 (2)	C9—C14—H14A	119.1
C3—C4—C5	120.43 (19)	C13—C14—H14A	119.1
C6—C5—C4	121.92 (19)	C16—C15—C20	117.58 (19)
C6—C5—H5A	119.0	C16—C15—C6	120.81 (18)
C4—C5—H5A	119.0	C20—C15—C6	121.61 (18)
C5—C6—C15	122.64 (18)	C17—C16—C15	121.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7	118.91 (19)	C17—C16—H16A	119.3
C15—C6—C7	118.34 (17)	C15—C16—H16A	119.3
C6—C7—C8	113.80 (17)	C18—C17—C16	118.3 (2)
C6—C7—H7A	108.8	C18—C17—H17A	120.9

C8—C7—H7A	108.8	C16—C17—H17A	120.9
C6—C7—H7B	108.8	F2—C18—C17	118.6 (2)
C8—C7—H7B	108.8	F2—C18—C19	118.6 (2)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.7	C17—C18—C19	122.8 (2)
C3—C8—C9	113.18 (17)	C18—C19—C20	118.3 (2)
C3—C8—C7	110.55 (17)	C18—C19—H19A	120.9
C9—C8—C7	111.15 (17)	C20—C19—H19A	120.9
C3—C8—H8A	107.2	C19—C20—C15	121.6 (2)
C9—C8—H8A	107.2	C19—C20—H20A	119.2
C7—C8—H8A	107.2	C15—C20—H20A	119.2
C14—C9—C10	117.5 (2)		
O1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	178.5 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	179.6 (2)
O1—C2—C3—C8	-178.63 (18)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C8	1.0 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.4 (4)
C2—C3—C4—O2	-1.3 (3)	C10—C11—C12—F1	-178.7 (2)
C8—C3—C4—O2	176.34 (18)	F1—C12—C13—C14	179.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	178.17 (19)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (4)
C8—C3—C4—C5	-4.2 (3)	C10—C9—C14—C13	0.4 (3)
O2—C4—C5—C6	164.4 (2)	C8—C9—C14—C13	-179.0 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-15.1 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.5 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C15	-175.21 (18)	C5—C6—C15—C16	148.4 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.9 (3)	C7—C6—C15—C16	-27.7 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	30.3 (3)	C5—C6—C15—C20	-32.0 (3)
C15—C6—C7—C8	-153.45 (17)	C7—C6—C15—C20	151.90 (19)
C2—C3—C8—C9	85.6 (2)	C20—C15—C16—C17	0.1 (3)
C4—C3—C8—C9	-91.9 (2)	C6—C15—C16—C17	179.70 (18)
C2—C3—C8—C7	-148.96 (19)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-0.9 (3)
C4—C3—C8—C7	33.5 (2)	C16—C17—C18—F2	-178.07 (18)
C6—C7—C8—C3	-45.8 (2)	C16—C17—C18—C19	1.1 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	80.8 (2)	F2—C18—C19—C20	178.66 (19)
C3—C8—C9—C14	8.3 (3)	C17—C18—C19—C20	-0.5 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C14	-116.8 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C15	-0.3 (3)
C3—C8—C9—C10	-171.12 (18)	C16—C15—C20—C19	0.5 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	63.8 (2)	C6—C15—C20—C19	-179.09 (19)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1—H1...O2	1.22 (3)	1.28 (3)	2.465 (2)	163 (2)
C8—H8A...O2 ⁱ	1.00	2.52	3.365 (3)	142
C19—H19A...O2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.51	3.260 (3)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (ii) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2.